

# UKS2 Uplevelling Sentences



# What Does 'Uplevelling a Sentence' Mean?

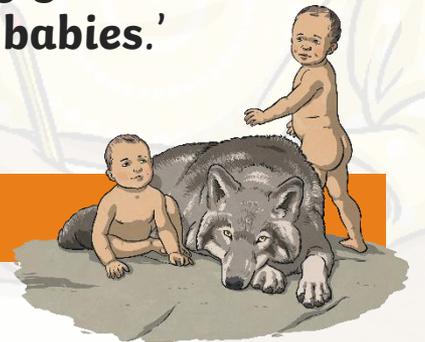
To 'uplevel' a sentence is to make a boring sentence interesting by including more advanced grammatical features, such as changing...

'The wolf guarded the babies.'

into

**'Curiously, the calm, nurturing wolf, who normally growled at humans, guarded the vulnerable, abandoned babies.'**

How has this sentence been improved?



# What Has Been Added?

next 

Click on the grammatical features used to uplevel the sentence to find out more about them.

Fronted Adverbials

Expanded Noun Phrases

Relative Clauses

**Curiously, the calm, nurturing wolf, who normally growled at humans, guarded the vulnerable, abandoned babies.**

Can you see how much more interesting this sentence has become now that we know some extra details?



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# Fronted Adverbials

Fronted adverbials are words or phrases at the beginning of a sentence which are used to describe the action that follows, such as:

**Without hesitation,** Riyad reached up to grab the ball.



**Every evening,** Maiya practises with her guitar.

**Cheekily,** Liza smiled when she saw her cards.

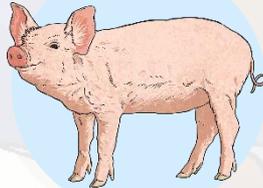


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# Expanded Noun Phrases

An expanded noun phrase provides extra information about the noun. You can use **adjectives** or **modifying nouns** to give more information within your sentences, such as:

some **exciting holiday** brochures



a **cute, pink** pig

the **majestic, magical** unicorn



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# Relative Clauses

A **relative clause** gives us extra information about the noun in the main clause. It is connected to the main clause by a **relative pronoun**.

Examples are:

The squirrel, **which was half way up the tree,**  
clung onto the trunk.



Sebastian, **who was previously undefeated,**  
now stands in fourth place.



The storm, **that was predicted yesterday,**  
almost capsized the boat.

